

National Human Development Report

Data Catalog

Codebook

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MILLENNIUM DEVELOPMENT GOALS, TARGETS, and INDICATORS

Goals and targets	Indicators
Goal 1. Eradicate extreme poverty and hunger	
Target 1. Halve, between 1990 and 2015, the proportion of people whose income is less than \$1/day	1. Proportion of population below \$ 1 per day
	2. Poverty gap ratio (incidence x depth of poverty)
	3. Share of poorest quintile in national consumption
Target 2. Halve, between 1990 and 2015, the proportion of people who suffer from hunger	4. Prevalence of underweight children (under five years of age)
	5. Proportion of population below minimum level of dietary energy consumption
Goal 2. Achieve universal primary education	
Target 3. Ensure that, by 2015, children everywhere boys and girls alike, will be able to complete a full course of primary schooling	6. Net enrolment ratio in primary education
	7. Proportion of pupils starting grade 1 who reach grade 5
	8. Literacy rate of 15-24-year-olds
Goal 3. Promote gender equality and empower women	
Target 4. Eliminate gender disparity in primary and secondary education, preferably by 2005, and to all levels of education no later than 2015	9. Ratio of girls to boys in primary, secondary and tertiary education
	10. Ratio of literate females to males of 15-24-years-olds
	11. Share of women in wage employment in the non-agricultural sector
	12. Proportion of seats held by women in national parliament
Goal 4. Reduce child mortality	
Target 5. Reduce by two thirds, between 1990 and 2015, the under-five mortality rate	13. Under-five mortality rate
	14. Infant mortality rate
	15. Proportion of 1-year-old children immunized against measles
Goal 5. Improve maternal health	
Target 6. Reduce by three quarters, between 1991 and 2015, the maternal mortality ratio	16. Maternal mortality ratio
	17. Proportion of births attended by skilled health personnel
Goal 6. Combat HIV/AIDS, malaria and other diseases	
Target 7. Have halted by 2015 and begun to reverse the spread of HIV/AIDS	18. HIV prevalence among 15-to-24-year-old pregnant women
	19. Contraceptive prevalence rate
	20. Number of children orphaned by HIV/AIDS
Target 8. Have halted by 2015 and begun to reverse the incidence of malaria and other major diseases	21. Prevalence and death rates associated with malaria
	22. Proportion of population in malaria risk areas using effective malaria prevention and treatment measures
	23. Prevalence and death rates associated with tuberculosis
	24. Proportion of tuberculosis cases detected and cured under directly observed treatment short course
Goal 7. Ensure environmental sustainability	
Target 9. Integrate the principles of sustainable development into country policies and programmes and reverse the loss of environmental resources	25. Proportion of land area covered by forest
	26. Land area protected to maintain biological diversity
	27. GDP per unit of energy use (as proxy for energy efficiency)
	28. Carbon dioxide emissions, per capita (Plus two figures of global atmospheric pollution: ozone depletion and the accumulation of global warming gases)
Target 10. Halve by 2015 the proportion of people without sustainable access to safe drinking water	29. Proportion of population with sustainable access to an improved water source
Target 11. By 2020, to achieve a significant improvement in the lives of at least 100 million slum dwellers	30. Proportion of people with access to improved sanitation
	31. Proportion of people with access to secure tenure
	<i>[Urban/rural disaggregation of several of the above indicators may be relevant for monitoring improvement in the lives of slum dwellers]</i>
Goal 8. Develop a global partnership for development	
Target 12. Develop further an open, rule-based, predictable, non-discriminatory trading and financial system. Includes a commitment to good governance development, and poverty reduction—both nationally and internationally	<i>[Some of the indicators listed below will be monitored separately for the least developed countries (LDCs), Africa, landlocked countries and small island developing States]</i>
Target 13. Address the special needs of the least developed countries. Includes: tariff and quota free access for LDC's exports; enhanced programme of debt relief for HIPC's and cancellation of official bilateral debt; and more generous ODA for countries committed to poverty reduction.	Official development assistance
	32. Net ODA as percentage of ECD/DAC donors' gross national product (targets of 0.7% in total and 0.151% for LDCs)
	33. Proportion of ODA to basic social services (basic education, primary health care, nutrition, safe wares and sanitation)
	34. Proportion of ODA that is untied
Target 14. Address the special needs of landlocked countries and small island developing states (through the Programme of Action for the Sustainable Development of Small Island Developing States and the outcome of the 22nd special session of the General Assembly)	35. Proportion of ODA for environment in small Island developing States
	36. Proportion of ODA for transport sector in landlocked countries.
Target 15. Deal comprehensively with the debt problems of developing countries through national and international measures in order to make debt sustainable in the long term.	Market access
	37. Proportion of exports (by value and excluding arms) admitted free of duties and quotas
	38. Average tariffs and quotas on agricultural products and textiles and clothing.
	39. Domestic and export agricultural subsidies in OECD countries
	40. Proportion of ODA provided to help build trade capacity.
	Debt sustainability
	41. Proportion of official bilateral HIPC debt cancelled
	42. Debt service as a percentage of exports of goods and services
	43. Proportion of ODA provided as debt relief
	44. Number of countries reaching HIPC decision and completion points
Target 16. In cooperation with developing countries, develop and implement strategies for decent and productive work for youth.	45. Unemployment rata of 15-to-24-year-olds
Target 17. In cooperation with pharmaceutical companies, provide access to affordable essential drugs in developing countries.	46. Proportion of population with access to affordable essential drugs on a sustainable basis
Target 18. In cooperation with the private sector, make available the benefits of new technologies, especially information and communications.	47. Telephone lines per 1,000 people
	48. Personal computers per 1,000 people
<i>[Other indicators to be decided] * The selection of indicators for goals 7 and 8 is subject to further refinement.</i>	

COLUMN HEADER DEFINITIONS	
Catalogue Column	Definitions
Country	The country (or in some cases, region) the National Human Development Report (NHDR) is based on.
Year of Report	The year listed on the National Human Development Report report (may or may not differ from publishing year).
Year of Observation	The year of the data values for a particular record--May be a single year, multiple years, or time-period.
Topic	Topic pertains primarily to the Millennium Development goals, but also to various indices, and other measures.
Geographic Disaggregation	The geographic level of the data within a record. Examples include: Region, Province, District, and State, among others. Whenever possible, the number of units listed in the table is recorded in the comment column (column K).
Thematic Disaggregation	The thematic breakdown of the data in a record. Examples include: gender, age, socioeconomic group, and education level, among others.
MD Goal	The Millennium Development goal to which the data pertain (Numbers 1-8). May be a loose interpretation of the goal.
MD Target	The Millennium Development target to which the data pertain. May be a somewhat loose interpretation of the target.
MD Indicator	The Millennium Development indicator to which the data pertain.
Comments	Any valuable information that does not belong in the other columns. Generally, this includes: number of geographic units the data are disaggregated into, questions concerning the data, brief explanations of input calculations (or where to find them), and other relevant information.
Table Title	The title of the table that a particular data record comes from. It may be repeated throughout multiple records, if multiple variables come from the same table.
Variable	The title of the variable that a particular data record pertains to. All other column descriptions relate back to this variable as it is the central focus of the record. There may only be ONE variable per record. If no variable name exists, the table title is repeated.
Source	This is the full name of the National Human Development Report from which the data come.
Page	This is the page number in the National Human Development Report where the data can be found.
Primary Source	This is any information regarding the original data source for the variable. Some reports do not provide this information- in which case "Not listed" is stated.

TOPIC (COLUMN D) DEFINITIONS	
TOPIC	RELATES TO
Child Mortality	Goal 4: Reduce child mortality
Demography	Variables dealing with fertility, mortality and/or migration
Economics	Variables dealing with economic issues
Education	Goal 2: Achieve universal primary education
Employment	Variables dealing with employment issues
Environment	Goal 7: Ensure environmental sustainability
Gender	Goal 3: Promote gender equality and empower women
Gender Development Index (GDI)	Variables dealing with the Gender Development Index
Gender Empowerment	Variables dealing with the Gender Empowerment Index, Gender Empowerment Measure, and other forms of gender empowerment not listed under Goal 3
Global Partnership	Goal 8: Develop a global partnership for development
Health	Variables dealing with health issues not stated in goals 4, 5, or 6
HIV/AIDS & Other Diseases	Goal 6: Combat HIV/AIDS, access to essential medicines, tuberculosis, malaria and other diseases
Human Development Index (HDI)	Variables dealing with the Human Development Index
Human Poverty Index (HPI)	Variables dealing with the Human Poverty Index (see sheet, 'Index Definitions' for more information)
Maternal Health	Goal 5 : Improve maternal health
Mortality	Variables dealing with mortality issues not listed in goal 4
Other	Variables dealing with other issues
Poverty	Goal 1: Eradicate extreme poverty and hunger
Reference	Variables or maps that may be useful reference tools
Violence	Variables dealing with violence and/or crime
Youth	Variables dealing with persons under age 18 (or those listed simply as, "Children")

VARIABLES INCLUDED IN TOPIC CODING OF INDICES	
Variables Included in Topic Coding of the Human Development Index	
Life expectancy at birth.	
Adult literacy rates.	
Combined primary, secondary and tertiary education enrolment ratio.	
Real GDP per capita.	
Variables Included in Topic Coding of the Human Poverty Index	
Population proportion dying before age 40.	
Proportion of adults.	
Proportion of children not enrolled in primary and junior secondary schooling.	
Population proportion without access to safe drinking water.	
Population proportion lacking access to safe sanitation.	
Proportions of child births that are made outside formal medical institutions.	
Proportions of children who do not receive immunization coverage in the following diseases: B.C.G. diphtheria, pertussis and tetanus polio and measles	
Proportions of pregnant women who are not immunized with tetanus toxoid vaccine.	
Population proportion lacking access to electricity.	
Variables Included in Topic Coding of the Gender Development Index	
<i>Same variables as the human development index, but differentiated by gender.</i>	
Life expectancy at birth.	
Adult literacy rates.	
Combined primary, secondary and tertiary education enrolment ratio.	
Real GDP per capita.	
Variables Included in Topic Coding of the Gender Empowerment Index	
Percentage share of female parliamentary representation.	
Percentage share of females in administrative and managerial positions.	
Percentage share of females in professional and technical positions.	
Proportion of national income earned by females.	